Hart that the free trace of the Hart that th

20

30

We claim:

5

10

60%.

1. A method for inhalation of a dry powder drug comprising:

providing a dry powder drug composition comprising particles comprising
a lipid matrix and a particle size of 1-30 microns, mass median aerodynamic diameter of
less than 5 microns, and bulk density of less than 0.5 g/cm³;

loading the composition into a passive dry powder inhaler; and inhaling the drug composition from the inhaler resulting in an emitted dose substantially independent of device resistance and lung deposition substantially independent of inhalation flow rate.

- 2. A method according to claim 1 wherein the emitted dose is at least
- 3. A method according to claim 2 comprising an emitted dose of at least 80%.
- 4. A method according to claim 1 comprising a FPF_{4+F} of at least 60%.
- A method according to claim 1 wherein the lipid comprises a
 phospholipid selected from the group consisting of dipalmitoylphosphatidylcholine,
 disteroylphosphatidylcholine, diarachidoylphosphatidylcholine
 dibehenoylphosphatidylcholine, diphosphatidyl glycerol, short-chain
 phosphatidylcholines, long-chain saturated phosphatidylethanolamines, long-chain
 saturated phosphatidylserines, long-chain saturated phosphatidylglycerols, and long-chain
 saturated phosphatidylinositols.
 - 6. A method according to claim 1 wherein the inhaler comprises a resistance of less than $0.60 \text{ (cmH}_2\text{O)}^{1/2} \text{/L min}^{-1}$.

The street street street street and a street 15

20

5

- 7. A method according to claim 6 wherein the inhaler comprises a resistance within the range of $0.01 - 0.30 \text{ (cmH}_2\text{O)}^{1/2} \text{/L min}^{-1}$
- A method of claim 1 wherein the inhalation flow rate is less than 8. about 90 L/min.
- 9. A method of claim 8 wherein the inhalation flow rate is within the range of about 10 - 60 L/min. 10
 - 10. A method of claim 9 wherein the inhalation flow rate is within the range of 12 - 45 L/min.
 - 11. A method of claim 1 wherein the lung deposition is greater than 25%.
 - 12. A method according to claim 1 wherein the lung deposition is greater than 30%.
 - A method according to claim 1 wherein the lung deposition is greater than 50%.
 - A method according to claim 1 wherein the drug is selected from 14. the group consisting of budesonide, tobramycin sulfate, leuprolide acetate, Amphotericin B, and PTH.
- 15. 25 A method of claim 1 wherein the powder comprises hollow porous microparticles.
- 16. A method for inhalation of a dry powder drug comprising: providing a dry powder drug composition comprising a hydrophobic active agent, said composition comprising particles comprising a lipid matrix and a 30

E I k Y

5

particle size of 1-30 microns, mass median aerodynamic diameter of less than 5 microns, and bulk density of less than 0.5 g/cm³;

loading the composition into a passive dry powder inhaler; inhaling the drug composition from the inhaler in order to achieve a Tmax within 15 minutes of the inhalation.

- 17. A method according to claim 16 wherein the active agent is amphotericin B.
- 18. A method according to claim 16 wherein the active agent is budesonide.
 - 19. A method according to claim 18 wherein T max is achieved within 10 minutes of the inhalation.
 - 20. A method according to claim 16 wherein the lipid comprises a phospholipid selected from the group consisting of dipalmitoylphosphatidylcholine, disteroylphosphatidylcholine, diarachidoylphosphatidylcholine dibehenoylphosphatidylcholine, diphosphatidyl glycerol, short-chain phosphatidylcholines, long-chain saturated phosphatidylethanolamines, long-chain saturated phosphatidylserines, long-chain saturated phosphatidylglycerols, and long-chain saturated phosphatidylinositols.